



EPISODE ONE:

ORBITING LABORATORY

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00:00:01,090 --> 00:00:06,260

Feeling weighed down? Feeling the constant pull to the Earth? We all are.

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00:00:06,260 --> 00:00:11,209

It's gravity, and it's a part of every single thing we do including our science.

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00:00:11,209 --> 00:00:16,850

But what if we're 250 miles above Earth aboard the International Space Station - a

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00:00:16,850 --> 00:00:21,050

laboratory like no other that offers something we can't get on our home

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00:00:21,120 --> 00:00:23,060

planet.

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00:00:23,060 --> 00:00:55,360

[MUSIC]

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00:00:55,360 --> 00:01:00,160

My name is Dr. Serena Aunon-Chancellor, NASA astronaut. I recently flew to the

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00:01:00,269 --> 00:01:05,759

International Space Station aboard Expedition 56 and 57. My relationship

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00:01:05,759 --> 00:01:09,750

with microgravity is that I got to live in microgravity for a hundred and ninety

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00:01:09,750 --> 00:01:15,180

seven days when I was on orbit. So many people ask what is microgravity.

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00:01:15,180 --> 00:01:18,450

Why do you float onboard the International Space Station? Gravity acts

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00:01:18,450 --> 00:01:22,440

upon all objects. We're never truly in zero gravity onboard the space station

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00:01:22,440 --> 00:01:26,610

but because the space station is traveling so fast around the surface of

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00:01:26,610 --> 00:01:30,630

the Earth, we're actually in a constant freefall and that's why everything and

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00:01:30,630 --> 00:01:34,400

everybody appears to float onboard the space station.

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00:01:34,400 --> 00:01:35,940

We are experiencing the

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00:01:35,940 --> 00:01:40,920

Earth's gravity. In fact we're actually experiencing about 90% of what you all

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00:01:40,920 --> 00:01:44,970

experience on the surface of the Earth. The difference is we're just moving so

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00:01:44,970 --> 00:01:49,860

fast that as we fall we actually fall around the earth and that defines orbit

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00:01:49,860 --> 00:01:54,210

so microgravity means we're not, you know, it's not the absence of mass which of

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00:01:54,210 --> 00:01:58,560

course creates gravity, but all the

objects together are in the same

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00:01:58,560 --> 00:02:02,549

gravitational field and all falling together. So yes it is a lot of fun

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00:02:02,549 --> 00:02:07,170

floating around of course it's one of the exciting parts of being up here on board

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00:02:07,170 --> 00:02:10,590

and being an astronaut, but even more importantly it lends itself to all the

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00:02:10,590 --> 00:02:13,709

amazing experiments that we can do on board that take advantage of that

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00:02:13,709 --> 00:02:17,609

microgravity environment to do things that we can't do on Earth but that can

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00:02:17,609 --> 00:02:19,600

benefit life back on Earth.

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00:02:19,600 --> 00:02:22,560

The important thing is it's so different than what we

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00:02:22,560 --> 00:02:26,310

have here on the ground where everything is pulled by the Earth at what we call

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00:02:26,310 --> 00:02:32,730

one force of gravity. And what that does is it allows you to see the small forces,

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00:02:32,730 --> 00:02:38,459

the small processes, the small effects of what goes on in life cell development or

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00:02:38,459 --> 00:02:43,829
technical processes like combustion or
fluid flow, and it helps you understand

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00:02:43,829 --> 00:02:48,120
things that you may not have fully
understood on Earth where you see

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00:02:48,120 --> 00:02:51,810
something happening, something assembling
or disassembling, or the shape of

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00:02:51,810 --> 00:02:56,599
something now going into three dimensions
and you learn ah that's really what was

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00:02:56,600 --> 00:03:00,560
driving this thing on Earth that we
didn't really understand.

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00:03:00,560 --> 00:03:02,640
On Earth, gravity is affecting

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00:03:02,640 --> 00:03:06,310
all research we do
and sometimes that can get in the way.

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00:03:06,310 --> 00:03:09,709
Studying things in different
environments can give a better picture

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00:03:09,709 --> 00:03:14,269
of how they work. From diseases to fires,
and even things that make up products

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00:03:14,269 --> 00:03:15,840
like milk or shampoo.

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00:03:15,840 --> 00:03:19,159

One of the main things we perform on the ISS is science

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00:03:19,159 --> 00:03:23,540

in fact probably 70 to 80 percent of our day is performing scientific experiments.

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00:03:23,540 --> 00:03:28,189

The International Space Station is a great place to do research for several

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00:03:28,189 --> 00:03:32,689

perspectives. One of those is it's a big huge satellite orbiting the Earth, so if

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00:03:32,689 --> 00:03:35,389

you have an instrument that wants to look at the Earth or look out at space

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00:03:35,389 --> 00:03:39,650

we provide the power, we provide the data, the platform for it. You don't have to go

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00:03:39,650 --> 00:03:44,750

do your own new satellite. The outside of the ISS is also a very extreme

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00:03:44,750 --> 00:03:49,040

environment and sometimes you learn things by exposing your hardware, your

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00:03:49,040 --> 00:03:53,569

your polymers, or whatever to a different environment you'll see something happen

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00:03:53,569 --> 00:03:58,579

different than what is on the Earth, but probably one of the most pervasive uses

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00:03:58,579 --> 00:04:02,419
of the ISS is just the microgravity
environment. The things that we do inside

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00:04:02,419 --> 00:04:07,909
the ISS to be able to do your experiment
in space without gravity which we've all

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00:04:07,909 --> 00:04:11,389
lived with forever here on the ground
which we live with every day and we

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00:04:11,389 --> 00:04:15,799
don't even realize how it governs so
many things that happen around us. If you

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00:04:15,799 --> 00:04:20,419
take gravity away now some of the small
phenomena, some of the small processes

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00:04:20,419 --> 00:04:24,949
and forces start to come out and you can
see them and you can see the behaviors

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00:04:24,949 --> 00:04:29,300
of your experiment happening differently
in space and in microgravity than you

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00:04:29,300 --> 00:04:30,297
would on the ground.

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00:04:30,297 --> 00:04:33,289
It takes a lot of
people to make all of that microgravity

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00:04:33,289 --> 00:04:39,349
science happen. Four thousand scientists
companies and students from over 100

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00:04:39,349 --> 00:04:43,820

countries have sent more than 2700 experiments to the orbiting laboratory.

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00:04:43,820 --> 00:04:49,849

Over the past 20 years, these studies have unlocked new discoveries and even

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00:04:49,849 --> 00:04:53,974

kicked off hundreds of new microgravity experiments.

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00:04:53,974 --> 00:04:55,430

We're studying the

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00:04:55,430 --> 00:05:01,610

physiology of how blood flow and the fluids in our body shift as the result

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00:05:01,610 --> 00:05:02,520

of microgravity.

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00:05:02,520 --> 00:05:05,990

Yesterday I spent some time setting up a Veggie experiment. We'll

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00:05:05,990 --> 00:05:08,720

actually be growing mizuna lettuce up here.

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00:05:08,720 --> 00:05:09,710

Drew and I actually have been

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00:05:09,710 --> 00:05:13,760

helping start a new experiment called the Cold Atom Lab which will create one

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00:05:13,760 --> 00:05:16,790

of the coldest places in the universe right here on the space station, almost

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00:05:16,790 --> 00:05:18,880
at Absolute Zero.

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00:05:18,880 --> 00:05:21,110
But who are these
scientists? And how do they get their

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00:05:21,110 --> 00:05:25,520
research to the space station? This
season we'll take you behind the scenes

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00:05:25,520 --> 00:05:30,140
of the years of preparing an experiment
for space. You'll see it launched off the

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00:05:30,140 --> 00:05:34,430
planet and splash back down in the ocean,
and hear what it's like to hand off your

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00:05:34,430 --> 00:05:38,990
research to the astronauts who serve as
the eyes and hands of the scientists

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00:05:39,000 --> 00:05:42,340
aboard the International Space Station.

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00:05:42,340 --> 00:05:50,960
[Music]

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00:05:51,160 --> 00:05:56,280
This is our first project that is going
up to the station, and our first project

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00:05:56,290 --> 00:05:59,500
working with anyone involved in the
space program, so it's a very exciting

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00:05:59,500 --> 00:06:05,170
time for us. It'll be interesting to see

how all of our planning is played out